WHAT DOES WARFARIN DO?

Decreases the body's ability to form blood clots helping to prevent strokes and/or heart attacks

HOW IS WARFARIN TAKEN?

- Take your warfarin exactly as ordered at the same time each day, usually in the evening
- The right dose is determined by a laboratory test called an INR (International Normalized Ratio)
- You must have your INR checked at least monthly or sooner as advised by your healthcare provider
- Your healthcare provider will advise you on your dose and the target INR range appropriate for you
- Keep track of your doses by using a calendar or pillbox –
 It is important not to miss a dose of warfarin
- Warfarin can be taken with or without food

MAKE THE MOST OF YOUR VISIT WITH YOUR HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONAL BY ASKING THESE 3 QUESTIONS:

- What is my main problem?
- What do I need to do?
- Why is it important for me to do this?

This brochure is a guide only and should not be used for any diagnostic or therapeutic decisions

Specific medical concerns should be directly handled by a qualified healthcare professional

CONTACT THE FORT FRANCES FAMILY
HEALTH TEAM FOR MORE
INFORMATION ON OUR
ANTICOAGULATION SERVICE

807-274-7741 ext. 1

www.ffht.ca



WARFARIN

COUMADIN® OR JANTOVEN®

FORGOT A DOSE?

- Less than 12 hours late = take it now
- More than 12 hours late = skip the missed dose and take your usual dose at the usual time
- NEVER double up your dose of warfarin

DRUG INTERACTIONS

- Warfarin has many drug interactions that may increase your risk of side effects or decrease the effectiveness of the drug
- Avoid the common over the counter pain medications known as NSAIDS, including Aspirin, Aleve (naproxen) and Advil (ibuprofen)
- Tell your healthcare providers (Doctors, nurses, dentists, pharmacists etc.) that you are taking warfarin

DIET & EXERCISE

- The effects of warfarin can be reduced by eating a lot of foods containing Vitamin K
- You do NOT need to avoid these foods – however, eat them in moderation and avoid big changes in your diet
- Avoid/limit alcohol intake
- Warfarin increases your risk of bleeding – choose exercise that does not place you in risk of injury

FOODS HIGH IN VITAMIN K

- VEGETABLES: beet greens, turnip greens, kale, collards, spinach, swiss chard, purslane, broccoli, cabbage, brussel sprouts, cauliflower, lettuce and peas
- FATS: Soybean oil (mayonnaise and salad dressings), olive oil, margarine
- BEANS/MEATS: Chick Peas (garbanzo beans), lentils and liver

SIDE EFFECTS OF WARFARIN

- The risk of bleeding is the most common side effect
- Call your physician, nurse or visit the Emergency Department if you experience any of the following:
 - Nose Bleeds
 - Bleeding from the mouth or gums
 - Coughing up blood
 - Pink, red or brown urine
 - Black/tarry stools or blood in stools
 - Abnormal vaginal bleeding
 - Unusual severe bruising or bleeding
 - Severe menstrual bleeding
 - Vomiting blood or black coffee ground material
 - Severe weakness and fatigue
 - Severe headache
 - o Severe backache
 - Severe belly/stomach pain

